



## Sociological Analysis of the Aspects of Family Divorces Characteristic of the Surkhandarya Region

L. Eryigitova<sup>1</sup>, Sh. Sadigova<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Termez Institute of Engineering and technology

<sup>2</sup> Professor of the International Islamic Academy of Uzbekistan, s.f., doctor

**Abstract:** in this article, The Family Family Family, which is considered an urgent problem today, is analyzed on the example of the findings and its features in certain regions, in particular, Surkhandarya region. Analyzes on the role of state and public organizations in the Prevention of judgments are given.

**Keywords:** sociological research, social situation, family finding indicator, mahallabay performance, evalanbay activity, finding factors.

Surkhandarya region has taken a special place in the past and present of our motherland. Even during the early medieval period, and later during the rise of the IX-XII centuries, this land was known as the land of great thinkers, scholars. Of course, such a result is the result of the fruits and upbringing of a healthy spiritual and social environment in the family. One of the talented personalities of such a world, Khakim at-Termizi, knew the family as the first place of the formation of human qualities in his scientific heritage. In the scientific and theoretical views of Abu Isa Termizi and other thinkers, it was emphasized that the level of perfection can be achieved by a person only in a family with a healthy environment, family relations are the leading and determining factor in public life<sup>2</sup>.

In the 20s of the last century, as in the whole of Uzbekistan, significant socio-political changes in Surkhandarya: from the transfer of land-water reform, communal policy, families were deprived of their economic basis, Patriarchate families were eroded<sup>3</sup>. In the 20s of the last century, as in the whole of Uzbekistan, significant socio-political changes in Surkhandarya: from the transfer of land-water reform, communal policy, families were deprived of their economic basis, Patriarchate families were eroded<sup>3</sup>.

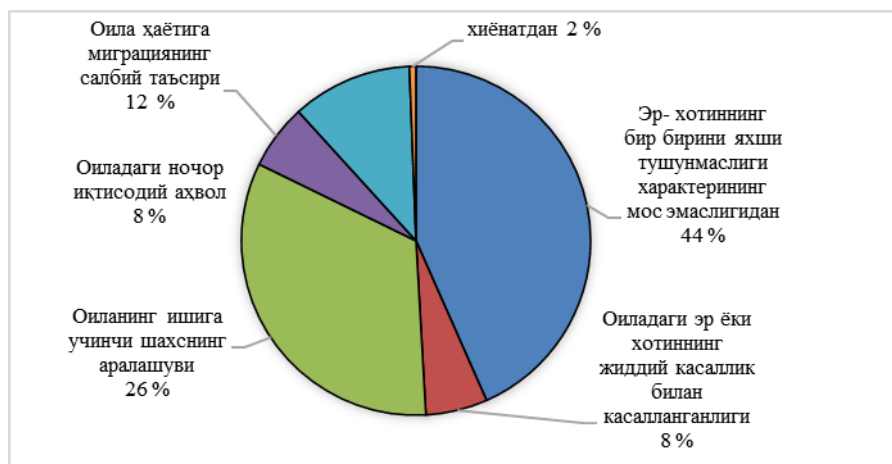
The resettlement of families of other nationalities to the current territory of the region has shown admiration for the national composition of families. Currently, the region is considered the most populated by nations in our republic. As determined from the analysis of the arrears based on the national composition of families, the reasons for the fact that in arab families there are practically no arrears in relation to Tajik, Turkmen, and other nationalities in the region were studied. Well-known scientists on the history of the family relationship of representatives of arab nationalities around the world E.Taydor, S.Robertson, I.N.The vinnikovs conducted research on the historical aspet<sup>4</sup>. Most of the arab families in surkhondarya, which received the name "Uzbek Arabs", were transferred to the territory of the region as a result of the "eavesdropping" of the 1930s. Such families live mainly in Sherabad, Denov, Dzharkurgan, long districts. In Arab families, Inter-kin marriage is common; the reason for the almost complete absence of a divorce in these families is in the opinion of the elderly of the same nationality, in their marital life, in the processes of starting a family and making a suv<sup>5</sup>. We observed in studies conducted that the family udums of those living in the land of surhan were very close to the udums of the "jainov Arabs" of Kashkadarya. There are some differences in

families that live only in the mountainous area of the long and Sariosian districts. We can conclude that this is the commendation of industrialization and urbanization.

In the process of today's development, the proximity, commonality of socio-cultural factors, and not elat, nationality, nationalism, is of decisive importance. Despite the fact that the process of family transformation is going on in Tajik, Turkmen and arab families in surkhandarya, they still retain their distinctive features. Currently, the population in the region has an average increase of 44.3 thousand people per year, in this case in one of the previous places in the regional republic. If we analyze on the scale of our republic the indicator of family wages for 2021-2022, then Surkhandarya was in eighth place in 2021 with the indicator of family wages in 2046, and within the period between January - June 2022, 1348 cases of family divorce were recorded and decreased to ninth place.

Studies were carried out in 2018-2022 in all districts of the region, mainly in a total of 70 families who remained in the state of the ruling, based on the identification of families who came to the state of the ruling and the purpose of the study. These families are mainly families of nuclear families who have been married for 5 to 10 years, young families who have not been married for 1 year, as well as families who have lived together for 22 to 36 years and have remained in a state of separation. Social surveys were received from 100 residents at the DALVARZIN MFY in the shurchi district. When asked about the reasons why certain families fell into a state of divorce, 44% of respondents expressed the opinion that in the family, divorces are coming from the unpopularity of the couple and ignorance of their duties.

The intervention of third parties in the work of the family causes him to fall into a state of separation,-26% of respondents chose the answer. 8% of those surveyed argued that the disadvantaged economic situation in the family was also the reason for the ruling. 12% of respondents indicated that the causes were migration, and 8% of those who were asked if the husband or wife in the family had a serious illness. 2% of respondents considered that the reason for the divorce was the betrayal of one of the couples.



**Figure 5. Shurchi District of surkhandarya region Dalvarzin mahalla results of a Social Survey conducted at the citizens ' meeting**

results of a Social Survey conducted at the citizens ' meeting By 2021, it was found that the most common cause of the ruling figure, which caused family divorce, is a couple's disagreement. In the 2019-2020 ruling figures, it was found that the ruling is leading, which is caused by the intervention of third parties. And until 2010-2015, the main reason for the findings was the problem of economic difficulties and lack of housing. The motives and reasons for the finding are uniformly variable caused by existing social, economic and economic situations and factors. This indicates that in the 723 MFY systems operating in the region, a special approach is needed to study the causes of the situation of the separation of activities with families and find solutions to their problems. Today, the system of assistance to families is established in our country through state and non-state organizations. The role of the neighborhood in this regard is incomparable, of course. But nevertheless, it cannot be said that this system does not fully justify itself everywhere today.

Although there are various reasons for this, it is advisable to coordinate activities, taking into account the fact that in our opinion the system of family stability estimation acquires a complex character. Unlike the conciliation commissions, whose activities are now established, the establishment of a mediation service serves to estimate full and professional support and to estimate the competent legal assessment of the findings and disputes between the couple.

While the 2018-2020 divorces in the province were most often caused by the interference of third parties in the family business, it was in the next 2021 that family divorces were most caused by the disagreement of the couple in the family. The gains resulting from unemployment and childlessness have also grown significantly over the past 2 years. In the reasons for the divorce, there is only a decrease in the indicator of the divorce, which occurred due to treason. Disagreements between the couple, as on the scale of our country, are also a big indicator in Surkhandarya. (Figure 6) The gains resulting from unemployment and childlessness have also grown significantly over the past 2 years. In the reasons for the divorce, there is only a decrease in the indicator of the divorce, which occurred due to treason. Disagreements between the couple, as on the scale of our country, are also a big indicator in Surkhandarya. (Figure 6)

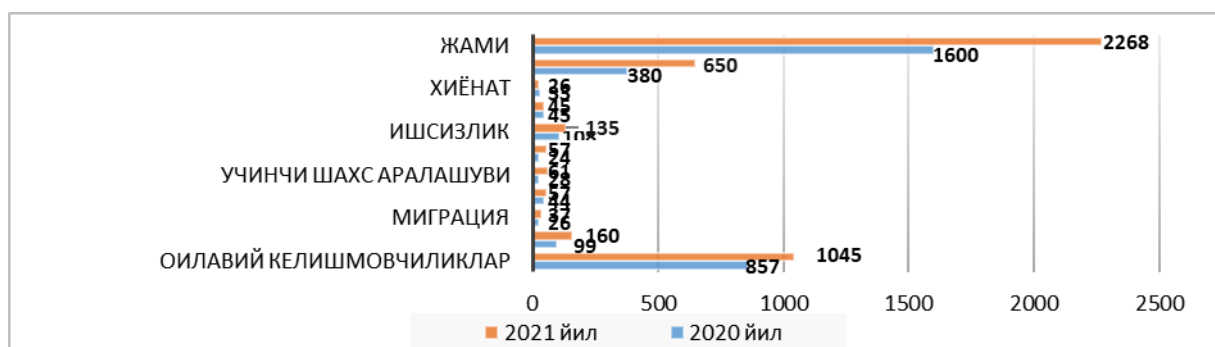


Figure 6. The reasons for family divorces in the Surkhandarya region in 2020-2021.

When we observe the state of family divorces at the intersection of districts, it was found that the highest finding was recorded in the Denov district. (Photo 7)

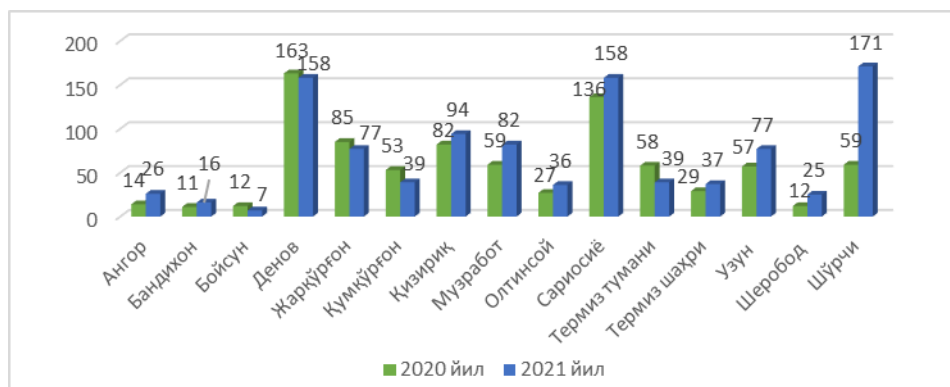


Figure 7. Family ruling districts cut Indicator of family divorce in the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Indicator of family divorce in the Republic of Uzbekistan. The role of state and public organizations in working with families is great. In our country, great experience has been gained in this regard, a kind of instructive school has been created. In this regard, important goals were set in the development strategy of our country for the New Uzbekistan for 2022-20266. Today in our society, activities in all systems are directly connected with the neighborhood.

Mahallabay, alevanbay, civilobay working system has shown its effectiveness. Specialists of the neighborhood operating in the region should increase the level of productivity. Analyzing the findings in the region at the junction of districts, it was found that the education of non-governmental organizations, especially young seed leaders and religious office workers, is strong in removing certain families from the collar of the ruling in Boysun, Kumkurgan, Jarkurgan and Altinsoy, Denov, the city of Termez, Sariasiya, Uzun, Muzrabad districts, and the Youth Union, Women's committees, which have developed.

**Used Literature**

1. A.Fitrat. Family-Ministry, publishing house, 2001.
2. A.V.Sakalov. Gosudarstvennyy I provoslavnyaya tserkovg' V Rossii. – M., 2012,
3. M.Quranov. National Education. - Tashkent, Mahnavyat , 2007,
4. SH.Sadikova. Family education. - Tashkent, Mahnavyat, 2019,
5. L.Eryigitova. Family divorces: problems and solutions. Termez, Surkhan-edition, 2020.