



## Characteristics of the Manifestation of the Individual's Ecological Legal Consciousness in the Development of Ecotourism

Amonov Muxsin Erkinovich <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Independent researcher of Navoi State Pedagogical Institute

**Abstract:** In this article, the characteristics, methods and means, conditions of the manifestation of the ecological legal consciousness of the individual in the development of ecotourism are analyzed from a scientific and theoretical point of view.

**Keywords:** ecotourism, personality, ecological legal consciousness, activism, responsibility.

Philosophical analysis of the historical processes, scientific-theoretical views, practical-conceptual foundations related to this concept in the formation and development of ecotourism can provide a sufficiently complex and systematic scientific vision of it. In this sense, the philosophical substantiation of the essence of this concept, at the same time, is distinguished by the fact that it is aimed at increasing the role of human development in ensuring environmental stability today. After all, the issue of ensuring environmental safety that arose at the end of the XX th century and the beginning of the XXI st century has become one of the urgent tasks facing the scientists of all countries of the world. In particular, the expansion of consumption of natural resources in order to meet the needs of society has increased the relevance of researching issues related to this direction.

It should be noted that despite the fact that there are enough scientific views and literature on the concept of ecotourism, it is possible to observe that the scientific approach to this concept has caused certain uncertainties, as well as the existence of different opinions and sometimes their denial of each other. In other words, determining the essence and functional significance of any concept depends first of all on their scientific and theoretical foundations. Including, the history of the formation and development of the concept of ecotourism, the philosophical justification of its types and classification, at the same time, it is distinguished by the fact that it is aimed at increasing the role of human development in ensuring environmental stability today. In particular, the study of historical processes, scientific-theoretical views, and its practical-conceptual foundations related to this concept in the formation and development of ecotourism provides a complex-systemic scientific vision of the term.

After all, the interaction of society and nature is one of the problems that people have been thinking about for a long time. In stabilizing this problem, a person tries to fulfill it within the scope of his strength, capabilities and knowledge at each historical stage of the development of society. This problem is becoming more and more important in the conditions of modern science and technology development. The development of science and technology also leads to the disturbance of the balance of relations between the “nature-person-society” system.

At the same time, humanity, which has faced many difficulties during its historical development, is currently experiencing a complex historical period created as a result of its discoveries, that is, its intellectual potential, which is characterized by the lack of an opportunity to ensure the harmony of nature and society in a natural way. Ensuring the stability of the natural environment depends first of

all on human activity, that is, character, behavior and to what extent it reacts to environmental requirements. This, in turn, can lead to an increased risk to the stability of the biosphere. There fore, one of the best ways to protect the natural environment is to further increase and develop the country's ecotourism potential.

Today, scientific-theoretical and practical-fundamental studies related to ecotourism are being carried out by various researchers in world science. In particular, socio-economic problems of ecotourism, impact of ecotourism on nature, sustainable development of ecotourism, opportunities of ecotourism are gaining importance. Although the research carried out by experts in the field is very close to each other in terms of implementation methodologies, it can be recognized that their goals and fields of study are different.

### Reference:

1. Kadirjanovich, M. S. (2017). Problems of accounting of the financial market on the basic of IFRS in the republic of Uzbekistan. *International Journal of Marketing and Technology*, 7(1), 43-61.
2. Kadirjanovich, M. S. (2022). Accounting OF financial instruments in the Republic of Uzbekistan based on IFRS: essence and problems. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH IN COMMERCE, IT, ENGINEERING AND SOCIAL SCIENCES* ISSN: 2349-7793 Impact Factor: 6.876, 16(06), 117-128.
3. Kadirjanovich, M. S. (2022). PROBLEMS OF ACCOUNTING OF THE FINANCIAL MARKET ON THE BASIC OF IFRS IN THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN. *EPR International Journal of Socio-Economic and Environmental Outlook (SEEO)*, 9(6), 1-10.
4. Kadirjanovich, M. S. (2022). Accounting OF financial instruments in the Republic of Uzbekistan based on IFRS: essence and problems. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF RESEARCH IN COMMERCE, IT, ENGINEERING AND SOCIAL SCIENCES* ISSN: 2349-7793 Impact Factor: 6.876, 16(06), 117-128.
5. Mahmudov, S., & Burhonov, Z. (2021). THEORETICAL BASIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT ACCOUNTING BASED ON THE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD. *InterConf*.
6. Mahmudov, S. (2011). Financial Investment In The Republic Of Uzbekistan: Concept, Objectives, Accounting And Reporting. *European Journal of Business and Economics*, 3.