



Terms - language wealth

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Abstract: The linguopoetic and linguocultural features of the terms are valuable for the realization of the linguopoetic purpose in connection with the artistic thinking of the creator, and therefore the feasibility of determining the semantic properties of the terms, such as words, in the context of the text is discussed.

Keywords: terms, terminology, artistic text, linguopoetic, linguocultural, metaphor, artisticaesthetic whole, poetic actualization.

From the beginning of the 21st century, in world scientific linguistics, attention has been paid to researching the language system based on cognitive, linguocultural, pragmalinguistic, sociolinguistic, psycholinguistic principles. In particular, it is connected with the human factor of language units in the directions of linguopoetics and linguocultural studies, which study the functional-stylistic and artistic-aesthetic nature of linguistic units manifested in the textual environment, as well as their coherence with the worldview, national thinking and mentality of the members of a certain linguistic culture. It is worth noting that a wide range of attention is being paid to the study of the properties that occur in the field. In the scientific research carried out in these areas, the characteristics of a person as a person, the national-cultural values of the society to which he belongs, and the problems of the reflection of social and political events in the language are being researched. As a result of the study of linguistic units in connection with the context, the speech situation, the knowledge of the speaker and listeners about the external world, certain scientific conclusions were formed about the manifestation of linguistic personality characteristics in the language.

The formation of terms has a long history, and in this regard, Uzbek linguist N. Mahmudov gives the following information about the history of the use of terminology and terminological terms: "In France this word appeared in the 18th century, and in English, according to the information in the Big Oxford Dictionary, it was first recorded in 1807. In Russian linguistics, since 1989, it has become stable to call the sum of special words related to a certain field of knowledge "terminology", and the name of the science that studies terms is terminology ("terminovedenie"). In Uzbek linguistics, it is appropriate to separate "terminology" and "terminology" as different concepts¹

"Terms are unique units that are part of the special lexicon of the language. The special lexicon includes words whose use is limited. A. Madvaliev, who studied the issues of terminology and lexicography of the Uzbek language in a broad aspect, includes terms as lexical units belonging to a limited lexical layer and emphasizes that they are the main object of terminological research². "In

¹ Махмудов Н. Илмий матнда термин таносиб ва тақомили // Ўзбек тили ва адаби ёт и. – Тошкент, 2020. – Б. 10.

² Мадвалиев А. Ўзбек терминологияси ва лексикографияси масалалари. – Тошкент: "Ўзбекистон миллий энциклопедияси" Давлат илмий нашриёти, 2017. – Б. 29.

other sources, it is noted that the terminological lexicon is included in the special lexicon along with dialectal lexicon, jargon and slang"³

Even if the use of special vocabulary is limited, the language is considered an active source of vocabulary enrichment. The main part of the special lexicon is made up of terms. The fact that it is organized and oriented towards a certain goal means that the terms are marked separately. Speaking about the terminological meaning of words, V.V. Vinogradov⁴ notes that "the scientific meaning of words and the special meaning of words are close concepts." Because the scientific meaning of the words creates the term, the terminological meaning of the words was characterized by always having a scientific character.

So, terms, like words, mean a certain concept, but unlike words, they are formed in a compound state. However, some commonly used words or phrases can acquire a terminological meaning in a certain speech situation and become a term. Although a term and a word have something in common, a term is not exactly the same thing as a regular word. The special features of terms and common words justify the existence of their different characteristics. A. Hojiev touched on the issue of the word and its essence, saying that "the word as a linguistic unit has a very complex nature, rather than giving a general or concrete definition to the word, it should be used to describe its specific aspects, other languages emphasizes the importance of highlighting the characteristics of different units. The scientist makes the following comments about the signs of the word:

➤ every word has its own meaning and sound form (sound shell) as soon as it appears.

Therefore, any word, first of all, has a unity of sound and meaning;

➤ any word has a certain meaning (lexical or grammatical).

In our opinion, any word has a complete form and meaning, and the phonetic form of the word realizes its meaning. In other words, it is clear that it can be called a word only if a certain meaning is realized in a complex of sounds or sounds. Currently, a number of scientific researches are being carried out in priority areas in the field of terminology, so we can interpret that terminology is rising to a new level of quality: including:

- lexical-semantic study of terms;
- researching the terms in the context of the text;
- characteristics of the terms in the artistic text;
- linguistic and cultural aspects of terms;
- to clarify the possibilities of inter-stylization of scientific terms;
- onomasiological research of terms;
- semasiological and lexicographic interpretation of terms;
- anthropocentric study of terms;
- semantics of legal terms;
- linguopoetic features of military terms;
- possibilities of psychological terms in the artistic text;
- characteristics of terms in science fiction works;
- newspaper language terms;
- comparative analysis of Russian and English terms;

³ Шоабдурахмонов Ш., Аскарлова М., Ҳожиёв А., Расулов И., Дониёров Х. Ҳозирги ўзбек тили. I қисм. – Тошкент : Ўқитувчи, 1980. – Б. 128.

⁴ Бу ҳақда қаранг : Немыка А.А. Метаязык лингвистики: научное и художественное предст авления : Дисс. док. филол. наук. – Орел , 2015. – С .60.

- linguistic features of construction terms;
- the role of economic terms in generating expressions.

In the books "Lexicology of the Uzbek language" and "Current Uzbek literary language" (Sh. Shoabdurahmanov and others, 1980) the words whose use is limited include dialectal lexicon, special lexicon, slang. In these sources, it is noted that the terms belong to a special lexicon, and it is shown that such a lexicon is divided into two types in terms of the scope of application.

"The first are terms that are understood and used by the general public, and the second are special words that are used only within a certain narrow specialization and understood only by specialists."

Therefore, it can be said that terms are not always used in a narrow circle, they can be widely used in speech when there is a need to use them. In conclusion, it can be said that the terms that are close to the limit of the term system have a sign of commonality with the words. They can be actively used in speech like common words. The terms located in the center of the term system show a sign of specificity. It can be said that they can be used only in a certain field of science.

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